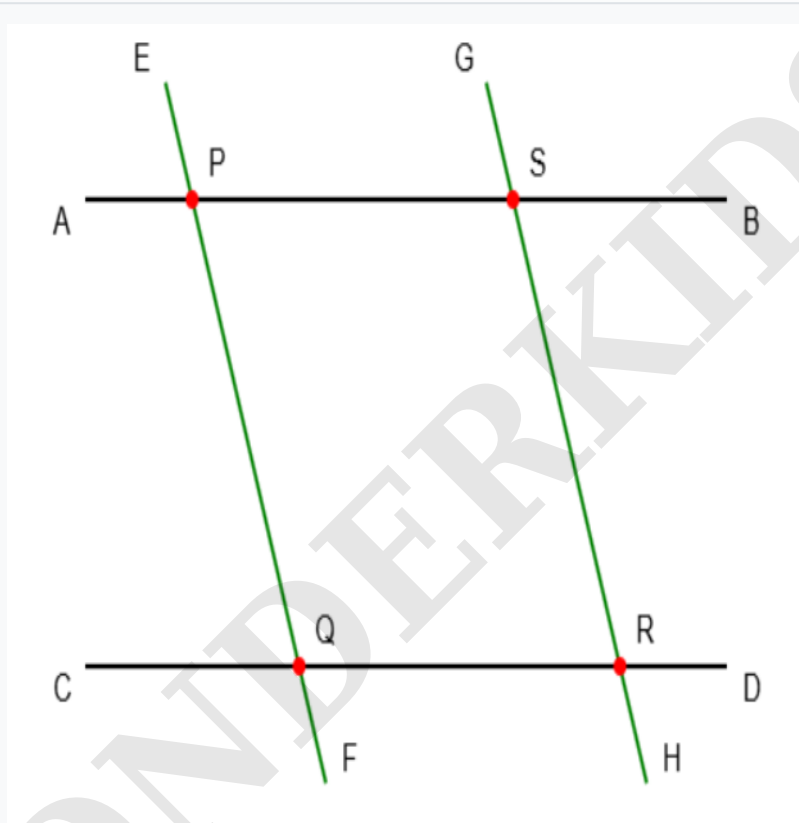
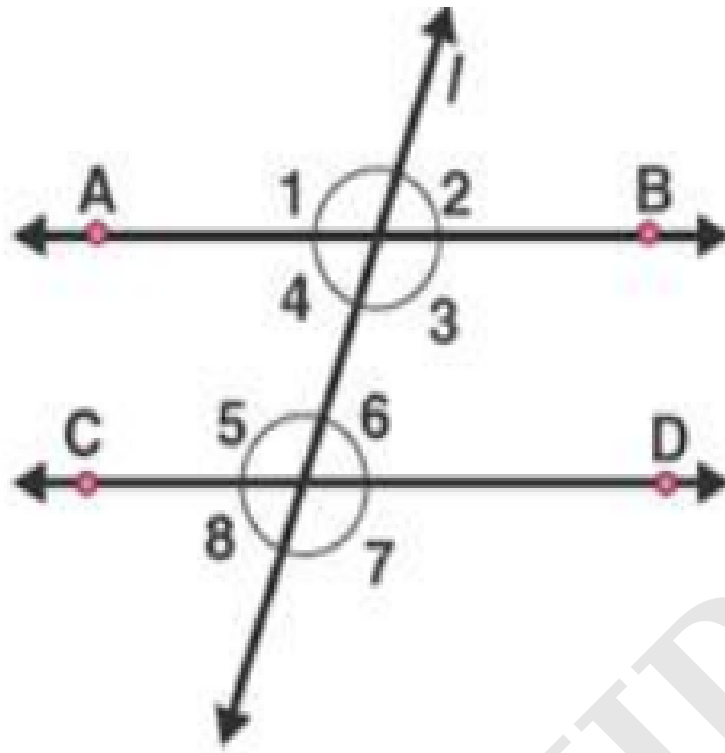


Q1. In the given figure, $AB \parallel CD$ and $EF \parallel GH$. $\angle SRD = 16^\circ$. What is the value of $\angle CQF$ ($^\circ$)?



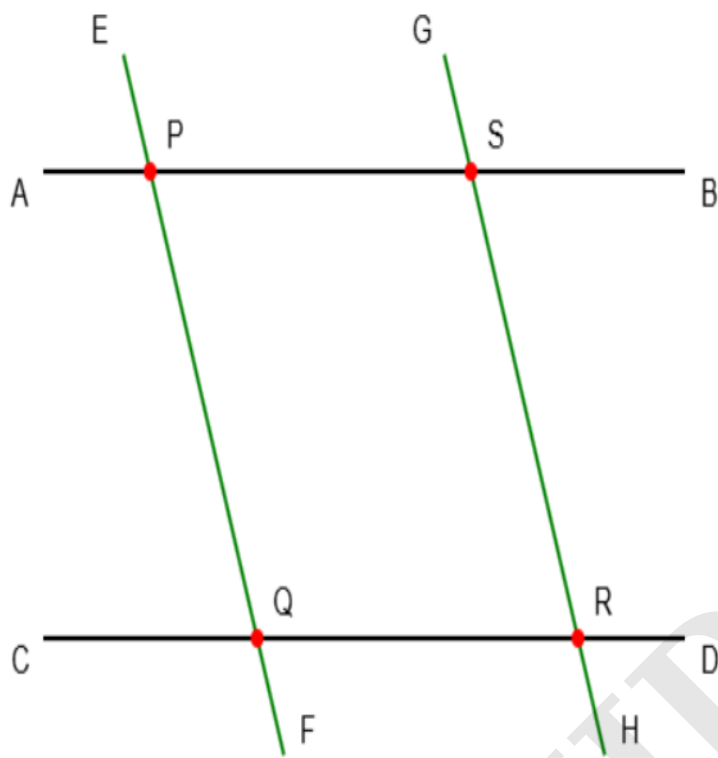
- A. 102
- B. 164
- C. 16
- D. 9

Q2. In the given figure(not drawn to scale), $AB \parallel CD$ and $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are in the ratio of 2:2. Determine $\angle 1$ ($^\circ$).



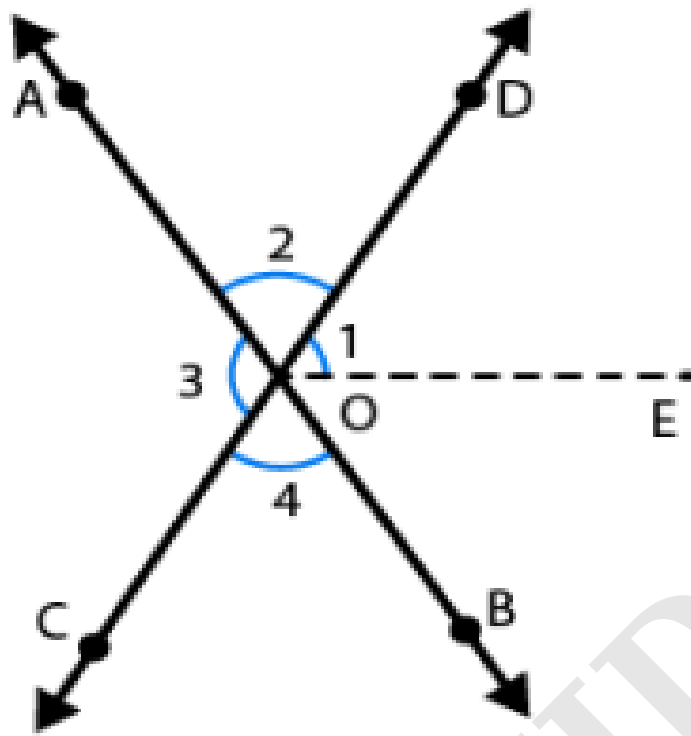
- A. 90
- B. 66
- C. 187
- D. 186

Q3. In the given figure, $AB \parallel CD$ and $EF \parallel GH$. $\angle GSB = 71^\circ$. What is the value of $\angle PSR$ ($^\circ$)?



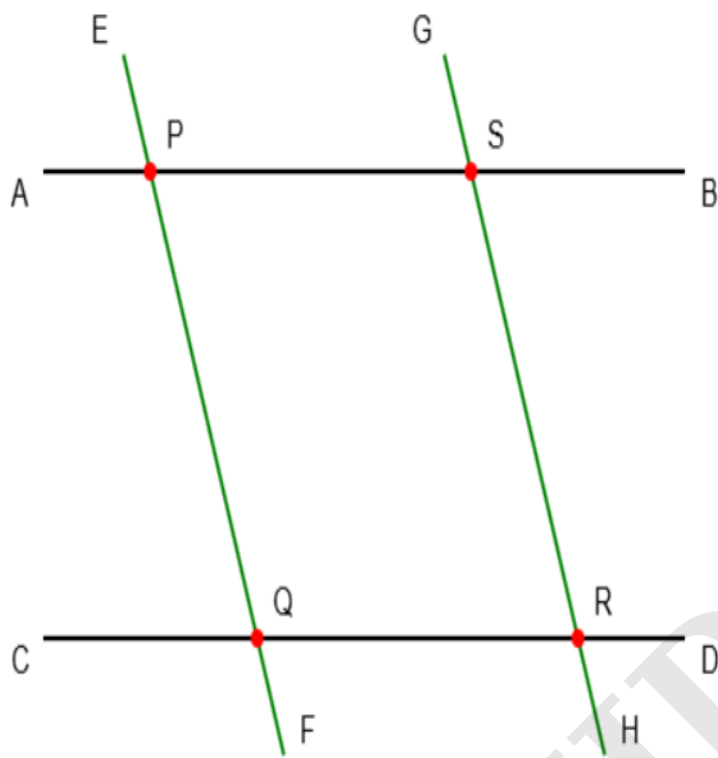
- A. 71
- B. 126
- C. 109
- D. 5

Q4. In the given figure, OE is the bisector of $\angle BOD$. If $\angle 1 = 37^\circ$, find the magnitude of $\angle 3$ ($^\circ$).



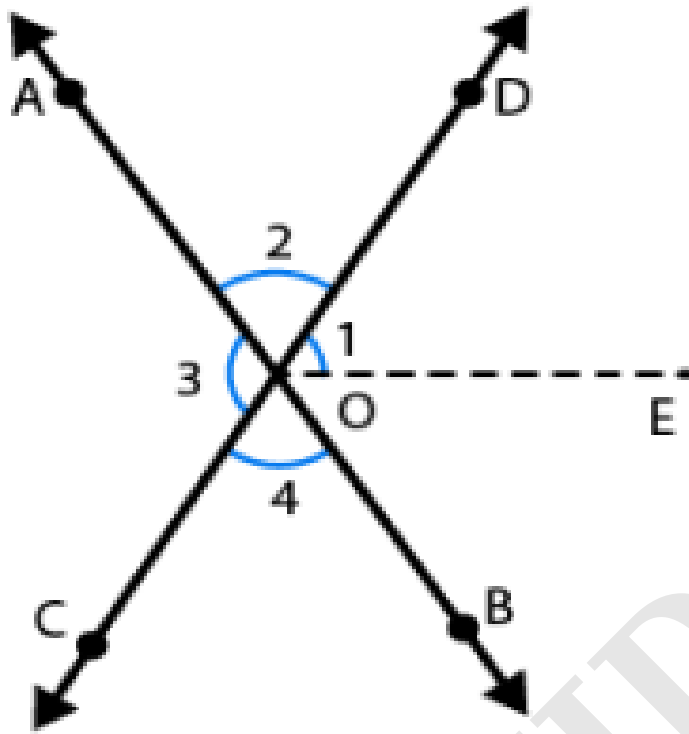
- A. 74
- B. 99
- C. 106
- D. 72

Q5. In the given figure, $AB \parallel CD$ and $EF \parallel GH$. $\angle EPS = 16^\circ$. What is the value of $\angle QRH$ ($^\circ$)?



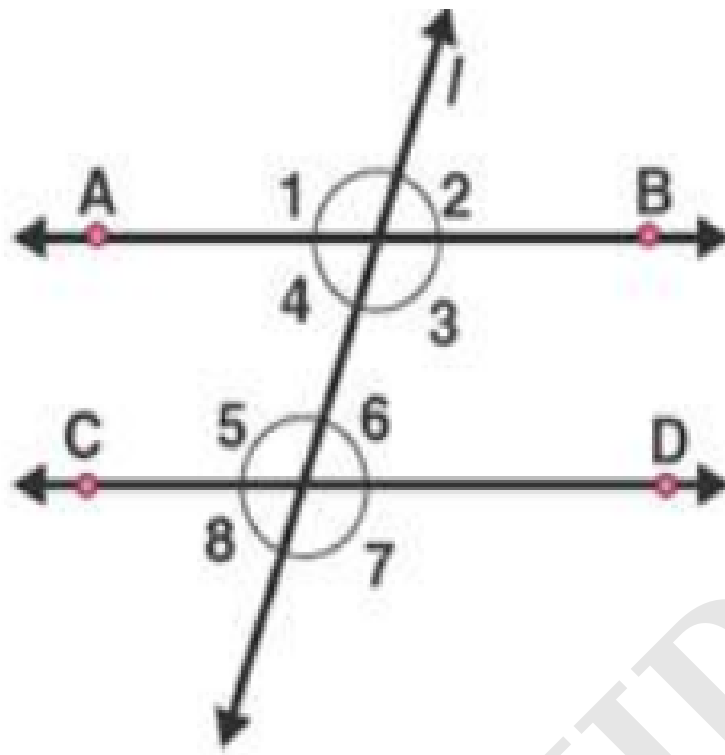
- A. 58
- B. 164
- C. 79
- D. 16

Q6. In the given figure, OE is the bisector of $\angle BOD$. If $\angle 2 = 51^\circ$, find the magnitude of $\angle 1$ ($^\circ$).



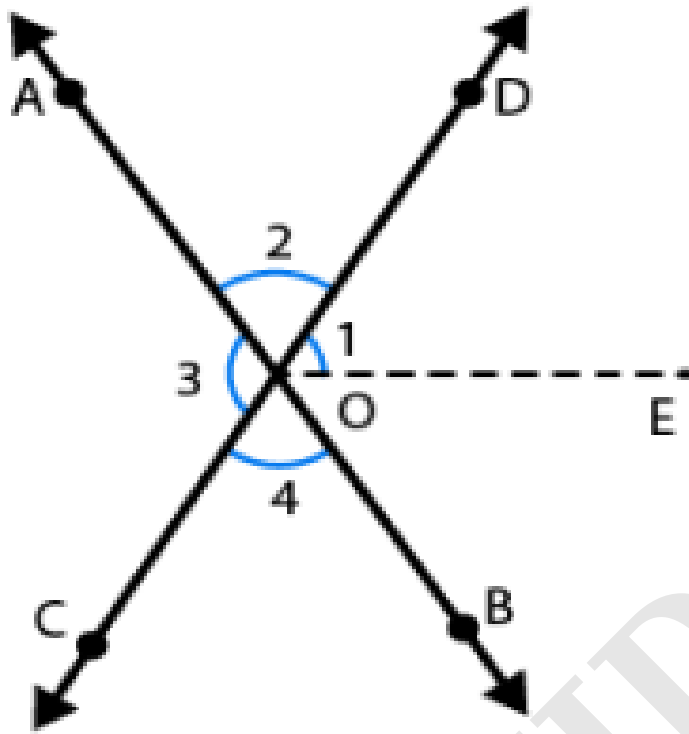
- A. 127.5
- B. 64.5
- C. 24.5
- D. 22.5

Q7. In the given figure(not drawn to scale), $AB \parallel CD$ and $\angle 6 = 49^\circ$. Determine $\angle 7$ ($^\circ$).



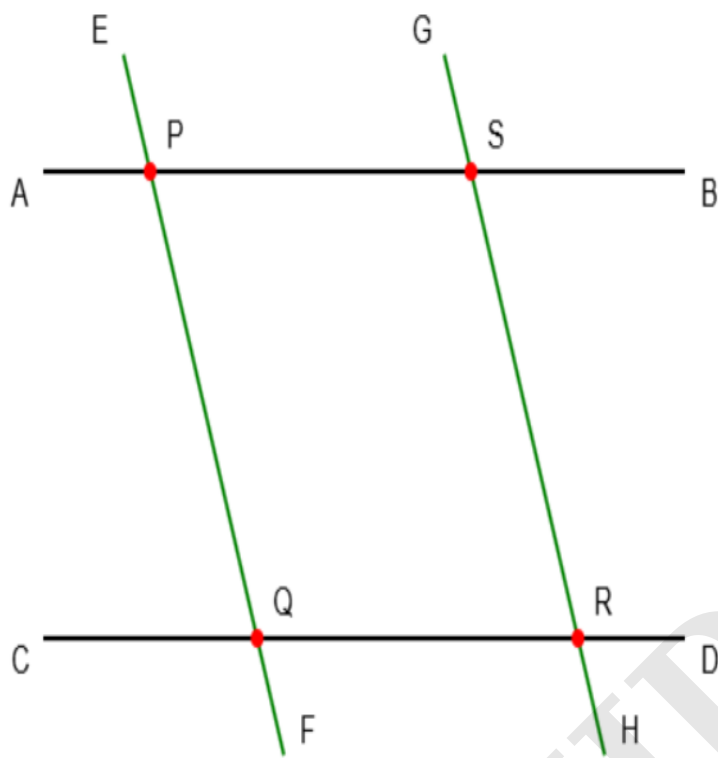
- A. 142
- B. 51
- C. 87
- D. 131

Q8. In the given figure, OE is the bisector of $\angle BOD$. If $\angle 1 = 38^\circ$, find the magnitude of $\angle 4$ ($^\circ$).



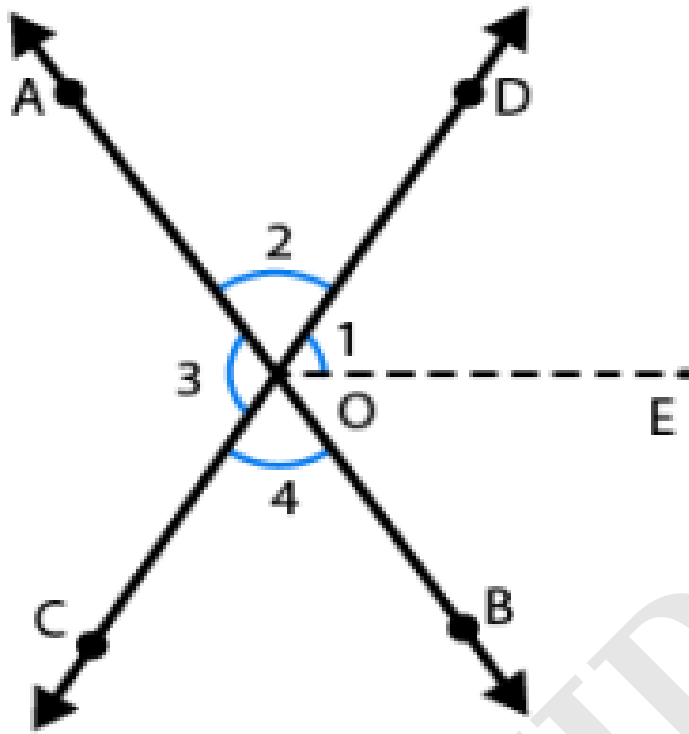
- A. 110
- B. 204
- C. 138
- D. 104

Q9. In the given figure, $AB \parallel CD$ and $EF \parallel GH$. $\angle APQ = 21^\circ$. What is the value of $\angle GSB$ ($^\circ$)?



- A. 111
- B. 64
- C. 21
- D. 159

Q10. In the given figure, OE is the bisector of $\angle BOD$. If $\angle 1 = 28^\circ$, find the magnitude of $\angle 3$ ($^\circ$).



- A. 39
- B. 124
- C. 56
- D. 48

WONDERKIDS

Answer Sheet

Q1. C	Q2. A	Q3. A
Q4. A	Q5. D	Q6. B
Q7. D	Q8. D	Q9. C
Q10. C		

WONDERKIDS